



# An Insider's Guide to What's New and What's Next for the Gas Tax

Deputy Director Drew Woods, PE

#### What We'll Be Covering Today

#### Where does the MVFT come from?

A brief background on how we got here

#### Where does it go?

How your portion is calculated and how you can maximize it

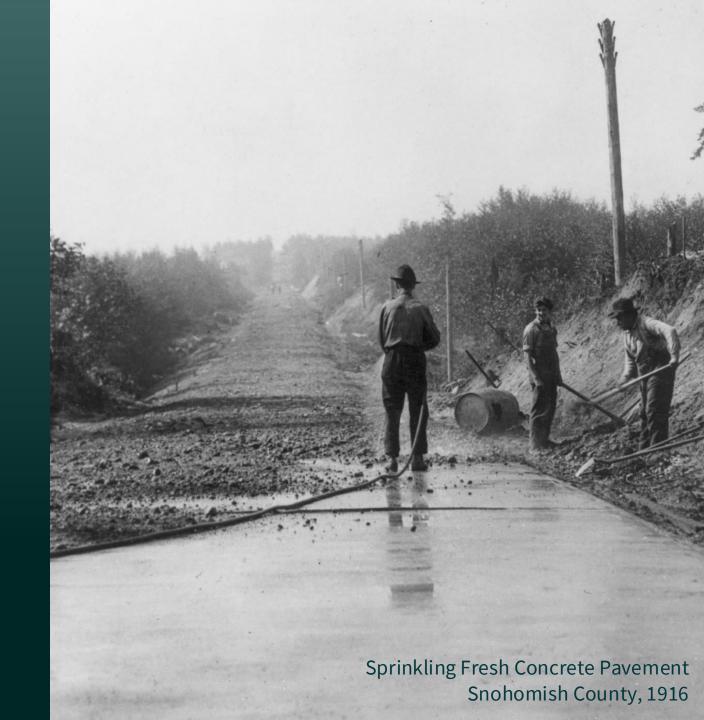
#### What's next for the MVFT?

What the future looks like for transportation funding



# Where does the MVFT come from?

A brief background on how we got here



#### What is the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax?

The Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax (MVFT) is an excise tax imposed on the sale of fuel for transportation and other purposes.

- It is collected by state and federal agencies, and the rate varies by state and fuel type.
- It is used for various purposes, such as constructing and maintaining roads, bridges and ferries; installing and maintaining traffic lights; policing state public highways; purchasing right of ways and operating movable span bridges.



#### History of the MVFT in Washington State

### **MVFT Established**

The Legislature established its first gas tax of 1¢/gallon, raising \$900k for road construction and maintenance.

The move to relying directly on road users rather than the general tax base and special levies was a significant milestone.

1921

## **Revenue Use Restrictions**

Adopted by Washington state voters in 1944, "18<sup>th</sup> Amendment", limiting transportation-related revenues to highway use in response to numerous Depression Era efforts to reallocate funds to other areas.

1944

# **Distribution Formulas Enacted**

The Legislature determined the formula for equitable distribution to counties that is still in effect today, with only minor revisions and amendments in 1988.

1954

## Oversight Moved to CRAB

CRAB was given the responsibility to determine each county's share of the gas tax, which includes the biennial and annual calculations.

1985

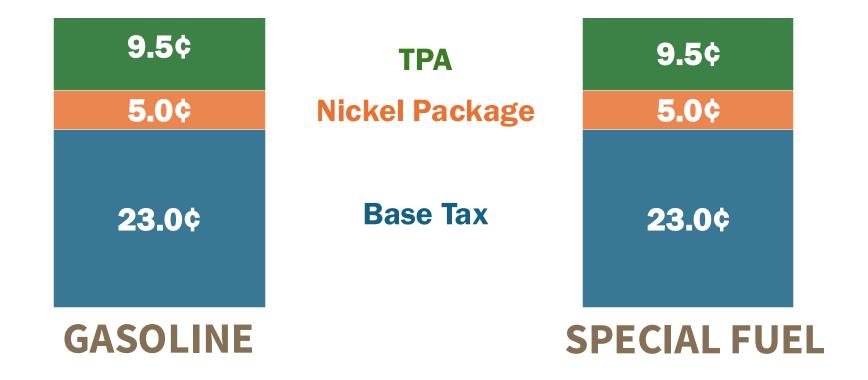
RCW 82.38.030 states what MVFT is collected begins with 23¢ per gallon



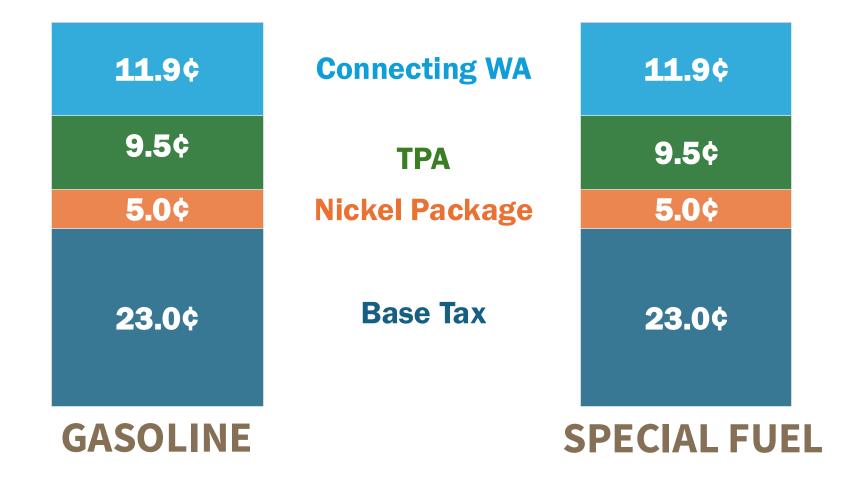
In 2003, the 5 cent Nickel Package was passed.



The Transportation Partnership Act (TPA) increased the tax in 2005 (3 cents), 2006 (3 cents), 2007 (2 cents), and 2008 (1.5 cents).



Connecting Washington increased the tax in 2015 (7 cents) and 2016 (4.9 cents).





The 2025 Transportation Revenue Pkg increases the tax in 2025 (6 cents), 2026 (index 2%/yr), 2027 (3 cents special fuel), and 2028 (index special fuel 2%/yr).

# Where does it go?

How your portion is calculated and how you can maximize it



How is the MVFT Distributed?

TATE

COUNTIES

CITIES

11.90¢ Connecting WA Acct

10.21¢ State Highway Motor Vehicle Fund

8.50¢ Transportation Partnership Acct - WSDOT

5.00¢ State Highway Nickel Package

3.04¢ Transportation Improvement Acct

0.75¢ State Highway Category C Acct

0.54¢ Ferry Capital Construction

0.54¢ Ferry Operations

4.43¢ Counties Distribution

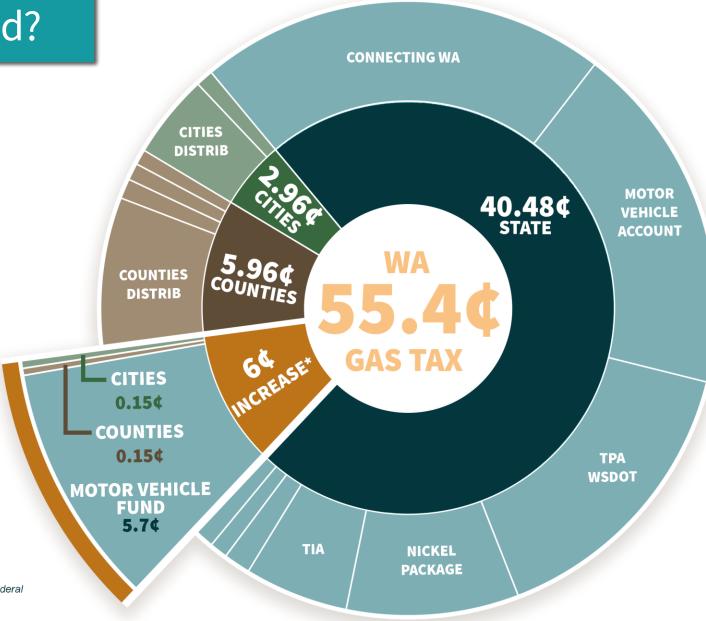
0.58¢ Rural Arterial Transportation Acct

0.50¢ Transportation Partnership Acct - Counties

0.45¢ County Arterial Preservation Acct

2.46¢ Cities and Towns Distribution

0.50¢ Transportation Partnership Acct - Cities



<sup>\*</sup>Beginning July 1, 2026 and July 1, 2028, the fuel tax increases authorized under ESSB 5801 will increase by a 2% inflation adjustment factor annually. The 55.4¢ rate does not include the 18.4¢ federal fuel tax. Distributions of the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax are made in accordance with RCW 46.68.090.

#### How is the MVFT Distributed to Counties?

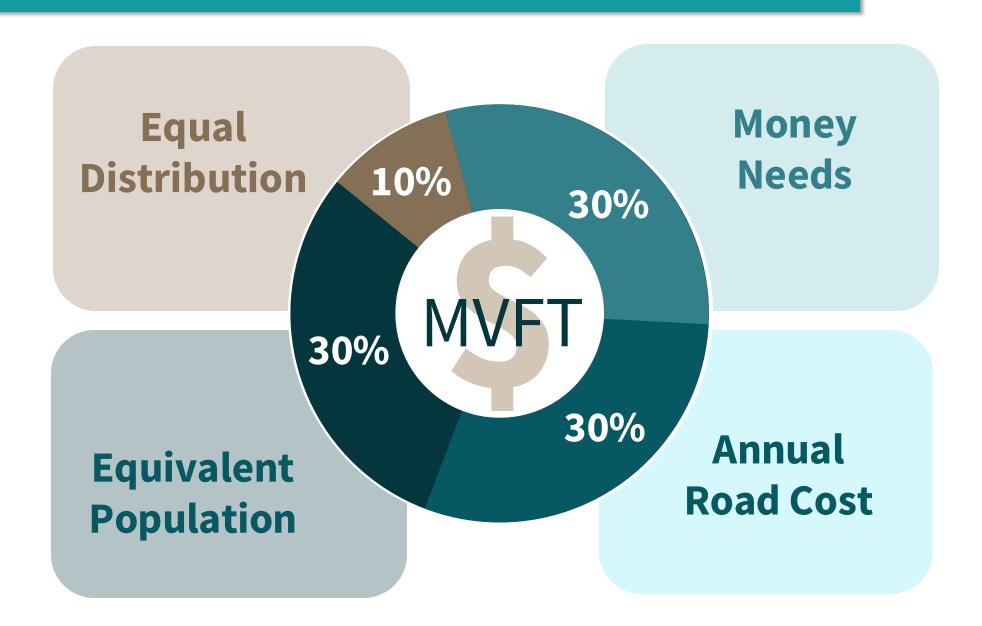
RCW 46.68.090 states how MVFT is to be distributed.

Counties receive funds for direct distribution.

- 19.2287% of the 23 cents collected
- 8.333% of 6 cents collected beginning July 1, 2006
- 2.5% of 2025 MVFT Increase
- 2.5% of Indexed MVFT Revenue

RAP receives 2.5363% of 23 cents collected

CAPP receives 1.9565% of 23 cents collected



#### **Equal Distribution**

- Every county gets a 10% share, reflected in the equal portion
- It addresses needs that are independent of road use, road miles or financial ability
- It addresses the minimum fixed "cost of doing business"



10%

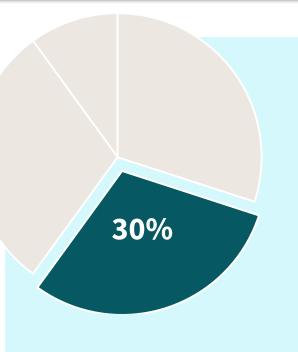
10% Share ÷ 39 Counties = 0.2564%

#### **Equivalent Population**

- Sum of the population residing in the county's unincorporated area and a quarter of the population residing in the county's incorporated areas
- It has been in use since 1982; previously the number of vehicle miles traveled was used but the data was insufficient for all county roads.

100% Unincorporated Population + 25% Incorporated Population

30%



#### **Annual Road Cost**

- Each segment of road has a maintenance category (range M1-13) and a replacement category (range R1-15), and an assessed cost based on multiple road characteristics. More road miles, more construction and maintenance costs.
- Bridge costs are calculated based on bridge type and square footage.

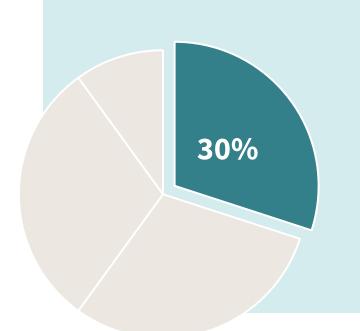
1/25 Road Replacement Cost + Annual Maintenance Cost

#### **Money Needs**

- Road Levy: tax levied on the valuation of all taxable property within the county road districts, including any amount of such tax diverted
- Federal & State Forest Funds: funds received from the federal forest reserve fund and state timber excise taxes by the county road fund
- CAPRON (aka the "Island County Refunds"): motor vehicle license fees and special fuel taxes

#### **Annual Road Cost - Road Cost Factor\***

\* (½ Road Levy + ½ Fed & State Forest Funds + CAPRON)



#### How the MVFT is Distributed to Counties

10%

30%

**MVFT** 

County **Road Levies** 

State Treasurer Fed Forest

**Equal Distribution** 

Economic & Revenue Forecast Council

10% Share ÷ 39 Counties = 0.2564%

**Money Needs** 

Difference between Annual **Road Cost and money** "Resources" due to the counties

> \* (½ Road Levy + 1/2 Fed & State Forest Funds + CAPRON)

County Timber Excise Tax

> County Ferry System

Office of **Financial** Management

**Equivalent Population** 

100% Unincorp. Population + 25% Incorp. Population

**Annual** 30% **Road Cost** 

30%

+ Annual Maintenance Cost

GIS-Mo **Road Log** 

1/25 Road Replacement Cost

#### Allocation Factor Computations for 2026

												COMBINE		2026
	EQUAL	EQ.POP	COSTS	NEEDS	2025	*2024	% FROM	MAX AT MAX AT	WITHIN		FACTOR	MAX	ADJUST	FINAL
COUNTY	(10%)	(30%)	(30%)	(30%)	UNADJ.	ACTUAL	2024 Act	+ 5% -5%	+/- 5%		WITHIN	FACTORS		ADJUST
Adams	0.2564	0.0923	1.0217	1.5172	2.8876	2.9406	-1.80%		2.8876		2.8890	2.8890		2.8890
Asotin	0.2564	0.1200	0.3107	0.4298	1.1169	1.0637	5.00%	1.1168		1.1168		1.1168		1.1168
Benton	0.2564	0.6099	0.6321	0.7604	2.2587	2.2786	-0.87%		2.2587		2.2599	2.2599		2.2599
Chelan	0.2564	0.3411	0.4652	0.4634	1.5260	1.5079	1.20%		1.5260		1.5267	1.5267		1.5267
Clark	0.2564	2.3397	1.1802	0.5962	4.3724	4.3862	-0.31%		4.3724		4.3746	4.3746		4.3746
Columbia	0.2564	0.0148	0.3105	0.4325	1.0143	1.0181	-0.37%		1.0143		1.0148	1.0148		1.0148
Cowlitz	0.2564	0.4902	0.4443	0.2989	1.4899	1.4967	-0.45%		1.4899		1.4906	1.4906		1.4906
Lewis	0.2564	0.4349	0.7973	0.8067	2.2953	2.2803	0.66%		2.2953		2.2964	2.2964		2.2964
Lincoln	0.2564	0.0516	1.0735	1.5930	2.9745	3.0263	-1.71%		2.9745		2.9760	2.9760		2.9760
Mason	0.2564	0.4388	0.4717	0.4163	1.5832	1.5658	1.11%		1.5832		1.5840	1.5840		1.5840
Pierce	0.2564	4.2275	2.1261	1.1920	7.8020	7.7587	0.56%		7.8020		7.8058	7.8058		7.8058
San Juan	0.2564	0.1206	0.1683	0.0530	0.5983	0.5982	0.01%		0.5983		0.5986	0.5986		0.5986
Skagit	0.2564	0.5389	0.7299	0.6397	2.1649	2.2090	-2.00%		2.1649		2.1659	2.1659		2.1659
Skamania	0.2564	0.0747	0.1699	0.2032	0.7042	0.6247	12.73%	0.6559		0.6559		0.6559		0.6559
Snohomish	0.2564	3.6779	1.7091	0.8224	6.4658	6.3146	2.39%		6.4658		6.4690	6.4690		6.4690
Spokane	0.2564	1.9559	1.8330	1.9291	5.9745	5.9994	-0.41%		5.9745		5.9775	5.9775		5.9775
Stevens	0.2564	0.2943	0.8817	1.1776	2.6100	2.6259	-0.61%		2.6100		2.6113	2.6113		2.6113
Thurston	0.2564	1.3695	0.9933	0.8972	3.5164	3.5457	-0.83%		3.5164		3.5181	3.5181		3.5181
Wahkiakum	0.2564	0.0301	0.1365	0.1898	0.6128	0.6207	-1.28%		0.6128		0.6131	0.6131		0.6131
Walla Walla	0.2564	0.2117	0.7043	0.9069	2.0793	2.0198	2.94%		2.0793		2.0803	2.0803		2.0803
Whatcom	0.2564	0.9598	0.9210	0.8024	2.9395	2.8601	2.78%		2.9395		2.9410	2.9410		2.9410
Whitman	0.2564	0.1231	1.0370	1.4915	2.9080	2.9563	-1.63%		2.9080		2.9094	2.9094		2.9094
Yakima	0.2564	0.9773	1.2735	1.5485	4.0557	4.1165	-1.48%		4.0557		4.0577	4.0577		4.0577
	10.0000	Levy&Pop 30.0000	M&Rcosts 30.0000	Needs 30.0000	100.0000	100.0000	10.53%	1.7727 0.000	98.1789	1.7727	98.2273	#s go to 100.0001		100.0000

## What could impact YOUR portion of MVFT?

- The MVFT distributions are calculated and submitted to our board for approval every July and then published
- Any one of the four calculation factors could impact a county's portion.
- What counties CAN do is ensure they provide accurate data in their Road Log!

#### MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL TAX

June Revenue Forecast Calendar Year

County Road Log Certified January 1, 2025 \$137,913,414 2026 Calendar Year Allocation County Percent Adams 2.8890 Revenue Asotin 1.1168 \$3,984,319 Benton 2.2599 Chelan \$1,540,217 1.5267 \$3,116,705 Clallam 1.4260 \$2,105,524 Clark 4.3746 Columbia \$1,966,645 1.0148 \$6,033,160 Cowlitz 1.4906 \$1,399,545 Douglas 2.5803 \$2,055,737 Ferry 1.2277 Franklin \$3,558,580 1.9682 \$1,693,163 Garfield 0.9067 \$2,714,412 Grant 4.5222 Grays Harbor \$1,250,461 1.6425 Island \$6,236,720 1.5531 Jefferson \$2,265,228 1.0084 King \$2,141,933 8.0119 \$1,390,719 Kitsan 3.4978 \$11,049,485 Kittitas Klickitat 1.3319 \$4,823,935 1.8840 \$1,836,869 Lewis 2.2964 \$2,598,289 Lincoln 2.9760 \$3,167,044 Mason 1.5840

2.3533

0.9761

1.1775

7.8058

0.5986

2.1659

0.6559

6.4690

5.9775

2.6113

3.5181

0.6131

2.0803

2.9410

2.9094

4.0577

100.0000

\$4,104,303

\$2,184,548

\$3,245,516

\$1,346,173

\$1,623,930

\$825,550

\$10,765,245

\$2,987,067

\$8,921,619

\$8,243,774

\$3,601,333

\$4,851,932

\$845,547

\$2,869,013

\$4,056,034

\$4,012,453

\$5,596,113

\$137,913,414

\$904,574

Okanogan

Pend Oreille

Pacific

Pierce

Skagit

Spokane

Stevens

Thurston

Wahkiakum

Walla Walla

Whatcom

Whitman

Yakima

TOTAL

San Juan

Skamania

Snohomish

# What's next for the MVFT?

What is the current state of transportation funding



#### Forecast Changes by Revenue Source for the **25-27** Biennium

The forecast decrease represents 0.8% of state biennial revenue

Revenue Summary (\$Million)	Sept. 2025 Forecast	Nov. 2025 Forecast	<u>Total</u> <u>Change</u> #	
State Revenues				
MV Fuel Tax	\$3,597	\$3,550	(\$47)	
Licenses, Permits, Fees	\$2,231	\$2,214	(\$17)	
Ferry Revenues	\$453	\$456	\$3	
Toll Revenues	\$562	\$580	\$18	
Other	\$2,067	\$2,043	(\$24)	
Total (State)	\$8,909	\$8,842	(\$67)	
Federal	\$2,436	\$2,516	\$80	
Total TERFC Revenues*	\$11,345	\$11,358	\$13	

**WSTRR** November, 2025

All values in millions, # Detail may not add to total due to rounding \*-Excludes reserves, treasury earnings, bond proceeds, and selected other revenues

#### Forecast Changes by Revenue Source for the 27-29 Biennium

The forecast decrease represents 0.2% of state biennial revenue

Revenue Summary (\$Million)	Sept. 2025 Forecast	Nov. 2025 Forecast	<u>Total</u> <u>Change</u> #		
State Revenues					
MV Fuel Tax	\$3,729	\$3,682	(\$48)		
Licenses, Permits, Fees	\$2,428	\$2,407	(\$21)		
Ferry Revenues	\$476	\$480	\$4		
Toll Revenues	\$602	\$650	\$47		
Other	\$3,618	\$3,616	(\$3)		
Total (State)	\$10,853	\$10,833	(\$20)		
Federal	\$2,480	\$2,547	\$67		
Total TERFC Revenues*	\$13,333	\$13,380	\$47		

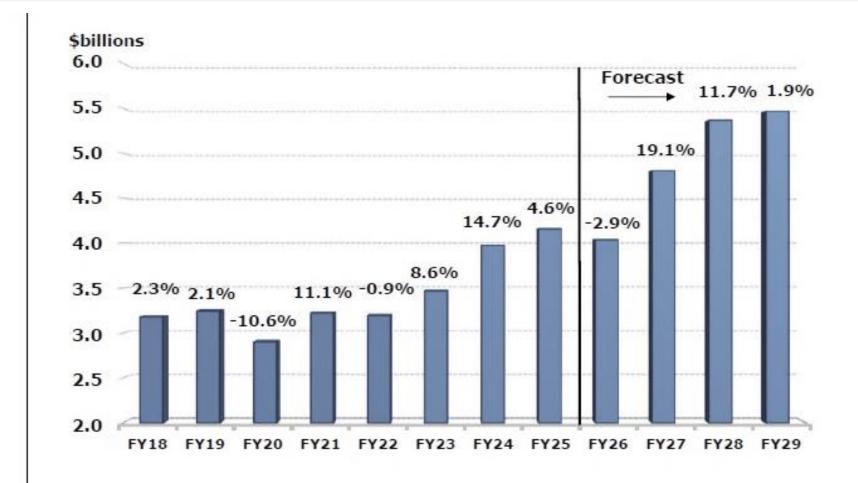
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#### Transpo Revenue Expected to Grow for the 25-29 Period

FY24 increase driven by the addition of CERA and transfers unreported in prior years.

Average annual growth of revenues for 2025-2029 is 7.1%.



WSTRR November, 2025

Source: TERFC forecast, November 2025

#### MVFT Tax – Where are we at?

**HIGHEST Year of Collections: 2018** 

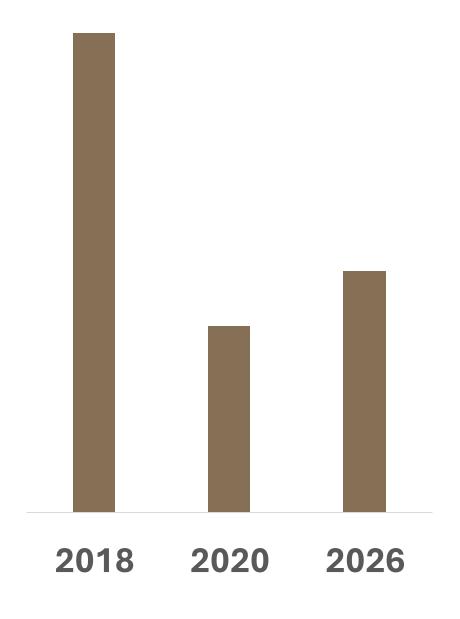
Counties Received \$168,100,383

**LOWEST Year of Collections: 2020** 

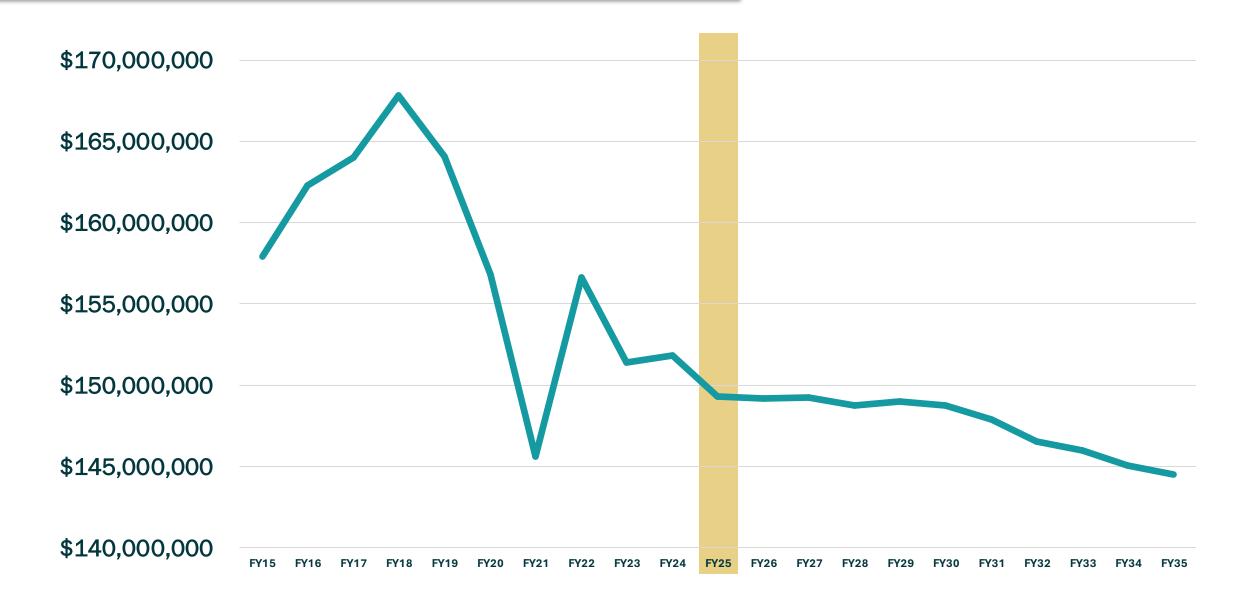
Counties Received \$144,824,208

#### **ESTIMATES FOR FY 2026**

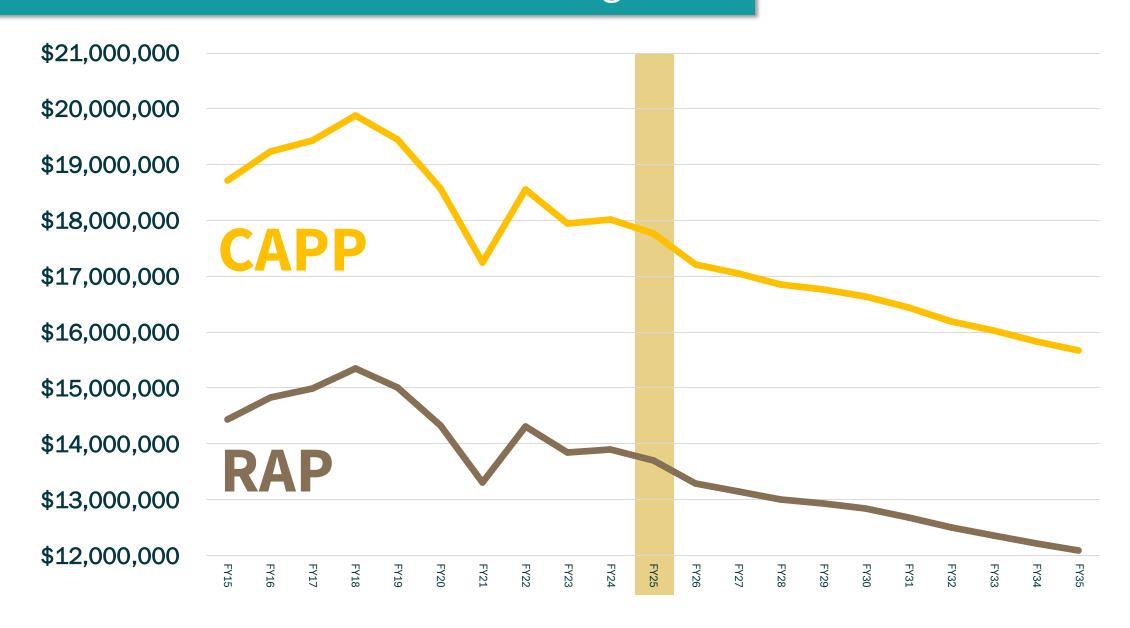
Counties Estimated to Receive \$149,162,500 New 15¢ MVFT is \$4,042,700



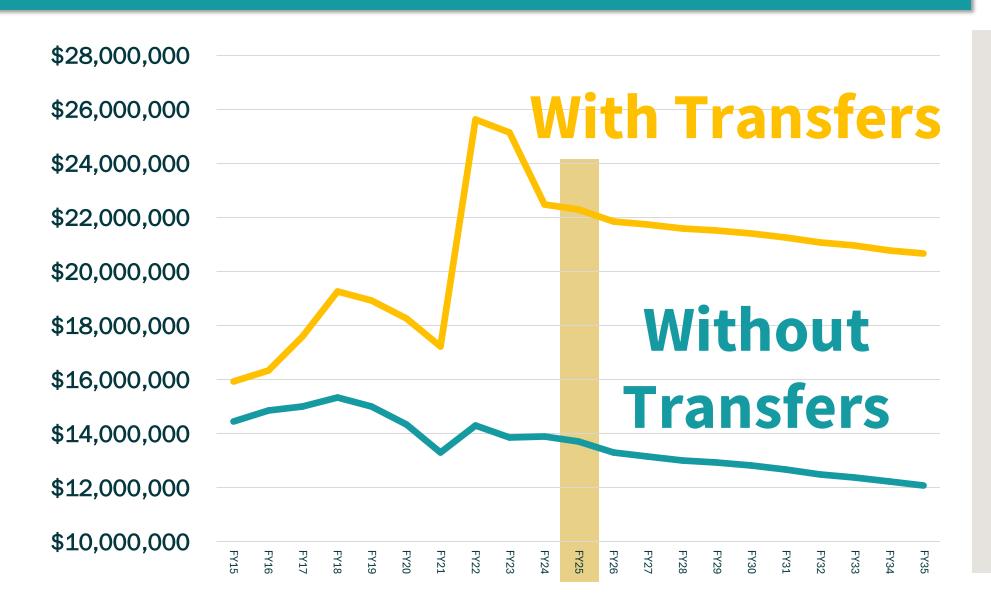
#### MVFT to Counties – Actual and Forecast



#### MVFT to Counties – CRAB Grant Programs



#### MVFT to Counties – CAPP With and Without Transfers



Budget Decision

(Every 2 Years)

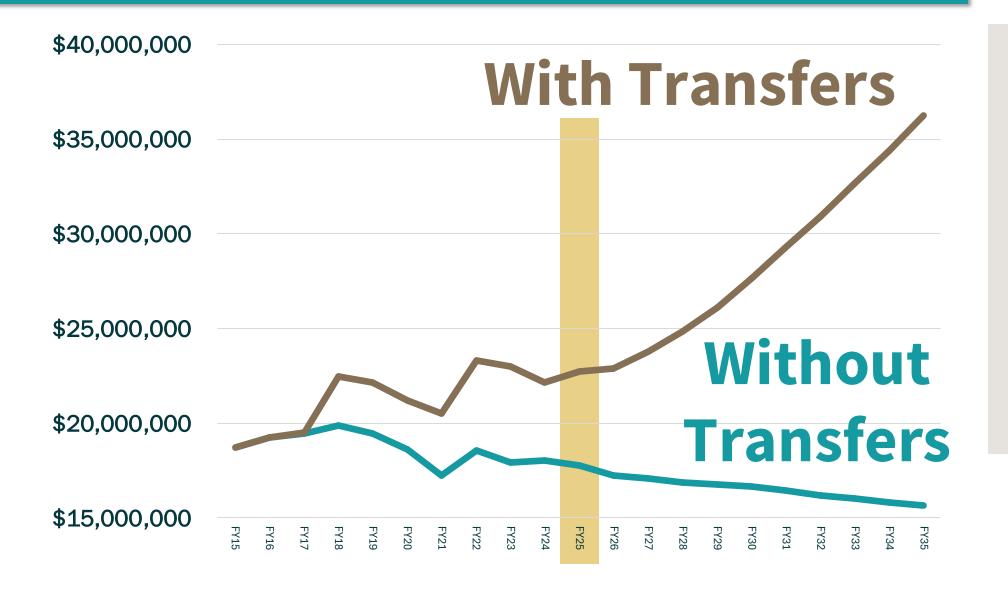
\$2.422M from Motor Vehicle Account

\$4.666M from Move Ahead Washington

Transportation
Partnership
Account Transfers
(RCW 46.68.295)

\$1.5M every
July 1st

#### MVFT to Counties – RAP With and Without Transfers



Budget Decision (Every 2 Years)

\$2.422M from Motor Vehicle Account

Electric Vehicle Renewal Fee (RCW 46.17.323)

15% Over \$1M in Collections

# What's next for the MVFT?

What the future looks like for transportation funding



#### MVFT Funds Don't Stretch as Far as They Used To

• In 1990, counties could resurface (Seal Coat/Chip Seal) about 64 miles of road for \$1 million; as of 2025, it's down to 20.

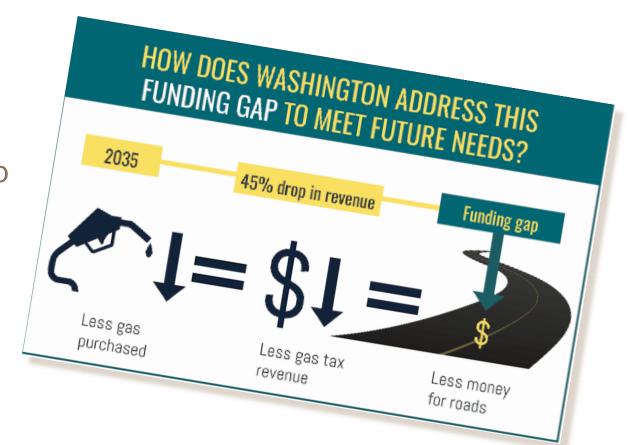
 The Producer Price Index confirms that the costs for gravel and other roadway construction materials has skyrocketed, particularly in the past two years, spreading existing budgets

even more thinly.

1990 64 Miles 2000 47 Miles 2010 28 Miles 2025 20 Miles

#### What is the future for MVFT?

- As vehicles become more fuel-efficient, gas consumption decreases along with gas tax revenues.
- Not all Washington drivers pay equally to use our roads. Drivers with more fuelefficient or electric vehicles pay less in gas taxes than others to use Washington's roadways.
- Long term, a pay-per-mile Road Usage Charge (RUC) system could provide a more stable source of transportation funding and increase tax equity among drivers.



#### What could the future hold?

A Highway User Fee – just don't call it a RUC!

#### Adopted User Fee

- The Oregon Model
- The Virginia Model

#### **Washington Model**

• HB 1921

#### What Does the **Oregon** Model Look Like?

Flat Fee (\$340) or Per Mile (5% of MVFT, currently 2.5 cents)

#### **Phased Implementation**

- July 2026 Existing EVs
- Jan 2027 All EVs
- July 2027 Hybrid and Plug-in Hybrid
- July 2028 Electric Delivery Vehicles

#### What Does the Virginia Model Look Like?

Mandatory Annual Fee or Pay by Mile

Fee is Paid in Addition to MVFT 85% of Tax Difference Between 23.7mpg and Your Vehicle, Using Statewide Average of 11,600 Miles

EV's Pay a Flat Fee of \$131.88

\$13.72 \$23.34 \$32.24 \$40.51	\$ <b>YEARS</b> \$20.58 \$35.00 \$48.36 \$60.77
	\$13.72 \$23.34 \$32.24

#### What Does the **Washington** Model Look Like?

HB1921 introduced in 2025 Legislature

2.6 Cents per Mile

Credit for Estimated MVFT Paid Based on Vehicle MPG

Included a 10% Surcharge for Multimodal

Eliminates Separate Fees for Electric (\$225) and Hybrid (\$75) Vehicles

#### What Does the **Washington** Model Look Like?

(Miles Driven × Road Useage Charge) 
$$-\left(\left(\frac{\text{Miles Driven}}{\text{Vehicle MPG}}\right) \times \text{MVFT per Gallon}\right)$$

(12,000 Miles × 2.6 cents per mile) 
$$-\left(\left(\frac{12,000 \text{ Miles}}{38 \text{ MPG}}\right) \times 55.4 \text{ cents per Gallon}\right)$$

\$312.00 - \$175.95 = \$136.05

#### Highway User Fee – What to Expect

New proposal from House Committee

Based on Annual Fee or Pay by Mile

Phased Approach Starting with EVs

Intent that Fee is Protected by the 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment Will be adjudicated no matter what.

Use MVFT Method for Distribution

#### 18th Amendment

"All fees collected by the State of Washington as license fees for motor vehicles and all excise taxes collected by the State of Washington on the sale, distribution or use of motor vehicle fuel and all other state revenue intended to be used for highway purposes, shall be paid into the state treasury and placed in a special fund to be used exclusively for highway purposes."

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#### Highway User Fee – HB1921 Analysis

Revenue Analysis for EV & Hybrid RUC

Based on Average of 12,000 Miles/Year Road Usage Charge of 2.6 Cents/Mile November 2024 Revenue Forecast

#### Counties Revenue - RUC Replaces EV Renewal Fee

FY	Impact to RATA		CAPA - RUC		et Distribution to ounties - RUC	Total Increase		
28	\$	(812,111)	\$	465,936	\$ 5,096,962	\$	4,750,787	
29	\$	(2,158,355)	\$	1,077,024	\$ 11,781,768	\$	10,700,436	
30	\$	(5,496,057)	\$	2,472,908	\$ 27,051,614	\$	24,028,465	
31	\$	(6,785,354)	\$	2,819,962	\$ 30,848,105	\$	26,882,713	
32	\$	(8,137,779)	\$	3,183,427	\$ 34,824,110	\$	29,869,758	
33	\$	(9,513,235)	\$	3,553,115	\$ 38,868,202	\$	32,908,082	
34	\$	(10,910,350)	\$	3,928,698	\$ 42,976,775	\$	35,995,123	
35	\$	(12,349,286)	\$	4,292,694	\$ 46,958,594	\$	38,902,001	
Totals	\$	(56,162,527)	\$	21,793,764	\$ 238,406,129	\$	204,037,365	





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